## **Advanced Placement Calculus**

Copy original problem.

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Convince *me* that **you** understand the concept! Each section 25 points. All extrema problems require proper justification. If decimals are used, they must be accurate to 3 places right of the point.

## **Chapter 6 Applications Exam**

A rectangular outdoor pen is to be added to an existing animal house. See the figure on the right. If 85 meters of new fence are to be used, what should be the dimensions of the new pen in order to maximize its area. Of course, no fence will be needed along the walls common to the new pen and the old animal house.



In a transatlantic cable, let x be the ratio of the radius of the core of the cable to the thickness of the covering for the cable. The speed s of

a signal passing through the cable is given by:  $s = -kx^2 \ln x$  for 0 < x < 1 where k is a positive constant. What will maximize s?

**III** The owner of an apple orchard estimates that if 24 trees are planted per acre, then each mature tree will yield 600 apples per year. For each additional tree planted per acre, the number of apples produced by each tree decreases by 12 apples per year due to competition for water, nutrients, sunlight, etc. (Thus, for example, if 25 trees were planted per acre, then *each* tree would produce 600 - 12(25 - 24) = 588 apples per year.)

- a) If *x* is the number of trees per acre, write an expression for the number of apples which will produced by each tree (i.e., apples per tree).
- b) Continuing from (a), write a function for the number of apples *per acre*. (Remember, there are *x* trees per acre.)
- c) Determine the number of trees per acre which will produce the most apples per acre. How many more apples will be produced at this level?

**IV** At what first-quadrant point on the parabola  $y = 4 - x^2$  does the tangent, together with the coordinate axes, determine *p* so the triangle has minimum area (no decimals)? What is that area (decimals allowed here)? (Hint: let the tangent point have coordinates  $(p, 4 - p^2)$ )

Extra Credit ------ 5 pts ------ 5 pts ------

In one model of the spread of a contagious disease among members of a population of M people, the incidence of the disease, R, measured as the number of new cases per day is given in terms of the number, x, of individuals already infected by: R(x) = kx(M - x) where k is some positive constant. How many individuals in the population are infected when the incidence, R is the highest?

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Per \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_