Honors Analysis
Copy original problem.
Convince $m e$ that you understand the concept!

## No decimals!

## Chapter 2 Exam

I
Solve for all x (including complex values, if any). Show ERRTS at work. Rewrite the equation in "factored form".
a) $15 x^{4}+61 x^{3}+57 x^{2}-11 x-10=0$
b) $36 x^{4}-108 x^{3}+29 x^{2}+48 x-20=0$

Extreme value problems. Proper setup is very important. Your final answer must be a complete, meaningful sentence.
a) A small recording studio that produces its own records is able to press 100 records a day at a profit of $\$ 3.60$ per record. If a more expensive process is used, production can be increased, but the profit per record diminishes by 2 cents per record for each additional record produced. How many additional records shoujld be made in order to maximize total daily profits?
b) A rectangle has a side on the $x$-axis, one side on the $y$-axis. One vertex is at the origin. The one vertex which is not on either axis has coordinates $(x, y)$ and is on the line: $3 x+2 y=12$.

1. Draw an axis and graph the line. label everything.
2. Draw a "typical rectangle" as described in the story above.
3. Write the coordinates of the "fourth vertex" in terms of only $x$ instead of in $x$ and $y$.
4. What is the maximum area which can be enclosed by the "typical rectangle"?
$\pm$ Parabola, Lines, etc.
(30 pts tot)
Given: $x^{2}+6 x+8 y-31=0$ and $x^{2}-10 x-12 y+37=0$.

A trapazoid is formed in the following fashion: A vertical line is drawn through each vertex. A line is drawn between both foci. The fourth line is the $x$-axis.

Determine the area and perimeter of the trapazoid formed by the 4 lines.

## Extra Credit

## 5 pts

Solve for all roots: $\quad x^{4}-10000=0$.

