## Honors Analysis

Copy original problem.

## Convince $m e$ that you understand the concept!

## Chapter 1 Exam

I
State the domain for each of the following:
(30 pts tot)
a) $A(x)=\sqrt{\frac{(2+x)(3-x)}{x^{2}-7 x+12}}$
b) $B(x)=\sqrt{\frac{3}{5 x+10}+\frac{2}{5 x-15}}$
c) $C(x)=\frac{1}{1-\operatorname{sgn}(3 x+7)}$
d) $D(x)=\sqrt{\frac{(x+3)^{3} \operatorname{sgn}(x+2)}{(x-1)^{2}}}$

For each of the following, re-define as a "piece-wise" function. Sketch a graph. Specifically state the range of the function.
a) $A(x)=2^{\operatorname{sgn}((x+2)(x-3))}$
b) $\quad R(x)=\frac{(\operatorname{sgn}(x+1)+1)}{(\operatorname{sgn}(x-1)-1)}$

II Given coordinates: $P(1,5), Q(4,1), R(-8,-4)$, and $\mathrm{S}(a, 0)$. (that is, $a$ is on the $x$-axis)
The figure, $P Q R S$ is formed by connecting the points in order. Determine $a$ so the figure formed is a parallelogram. Be convincing that you have a parallelogram (and not a trapazoid, for example). Explain.

IV Given $f(x)=\frac{2 x+3}{5 x-1}$ and $g(x)=\frac{2 x+3}{7-x}$, and $h(x)=\sqrt{\frac{1}{f(x)}+\frac{1}{g(x)}}$.
a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$
b) Find $f\left(f^{-1}(x)\right)$
c) Find $f^{-1}(f(x))$
d) Find the formula for $h(x)$.
e) Find the domain for $h(x)$.

## Extra Credit 5 pts

Draw the graph of: $F(x)=\frac{|x-1|}{\operatorname{sgn}(x+1)}$

